FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Page <u>Number</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4 –8
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	9
Statement of Activities	10
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	11 – 12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	13 – 14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund	17

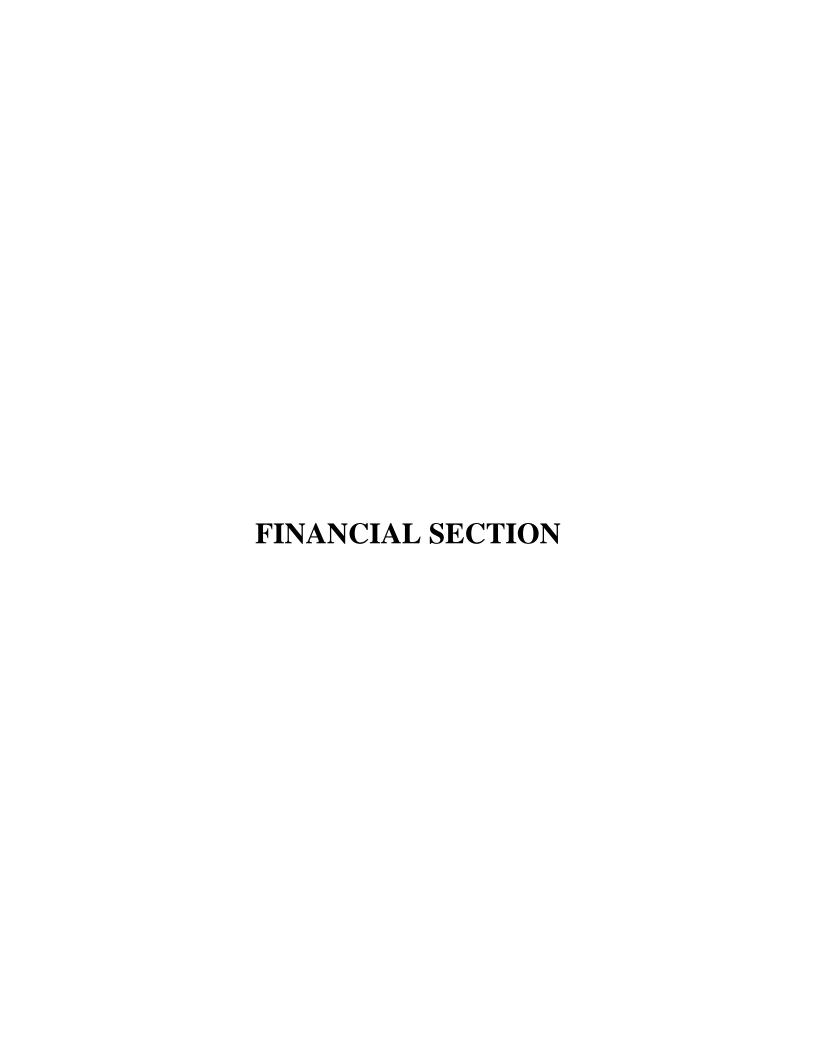
TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Page <u>Number</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)	
Fund Financial Statements (Continued)	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	18
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	19
Notes to Financial Statements	20 - 35
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Funding Progress	36
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	37 – 44
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	45 – 52
Agency Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	53 – 55
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With	
Government Auditing Standards	56 – 57
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over	
Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133	58 – 59

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Page <u>Number</u>
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION (Continued)	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	60
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	61
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	62
Summary of Prior Audit Findings	63









INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Jasper County, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jasper County, Texas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Jasper County, Texas' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jasper County, Texas, as of December 31, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-7 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Jasper County, Texas' basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2013, on our consideration of the Jasper County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Jasper County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Waco, Texas

September 30, 2013

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Jasper County, Texas (the "County") Financial Report presents a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the primary government for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's total net assets increased by \$1,231,080, (3.4)% over the course of this year's operations.
- The total government-wide assets of the County exceeded the liabilities at December 31, 2012, by \$37,896,693 reported as total net assets of the primary government. Of this amount, \$6,943,526 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, \$5,544,351 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net assets), and \$25,408,816 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- As of December 31, 2012, the County governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$9,705,396, which represents a 11.9 % decrease from the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of the following three components: 1) governmental-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all County assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two representing net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information that indicates how net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or in part a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, judicial, legal, public facilities, public safety, health and welfare, conservation, roads, cultural and recreation and interest on long-term debt.

Fund Financial Statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. The County does not have any proprietary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The County maintains 41 individual government funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the major governmental funds. Data from other governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The largest portion of the County's current fiscal year net position (67.0 percent) reflects net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, improvements, buildings, equipment, infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire these assets that is outstanding. The main use of these capital assets is to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Another significant portion of the County's current fiscal year net position (18.3 percent) represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following table indicates changes in net position for governmental activities.

JASPER COUNTY'S CHANGES NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities			
	2012	2011		
REVENUES				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 2,628,859	\$ 2,959,598		
Operating grants and contributions	1,213,304	1,337,225		
Capital grants and contributions	1,307,173	1,465,485		
General revenues:				
Taxes - levied for general purposes	11,724,158	11,452,460		
Taxes - levied for debt service	257,968	232,197		
Other taxes	110,811	102,214		
Investment earnings	57,535	115,548		
Gain on sale of assets	-	22,306		
Miscellaneous	319,112	413,326		
Total revenues	17,618,920	18,100,359		
EXPENSES				
General government	3,267,778	3,726,435		
Judicial	1,392,131	1,626,215		
Legal	520,501	517,437		
Public facilities	2,028,851	1,694,989		
Public safety	3,763,752	4,888,460		
Health and welfare	494,639	517,778		
Conservation	78,646	85,339		
Roads	4,762,995	5,014,651		
Cultural and recreation	4,442	4,355		
Interest on long-term debt	74,105	90,458		
Total expenses	16,387,840	18,166,117		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,231,080	(65,758)		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	36,587,923	37,398,543		
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	77,690	(744,862)		
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 37,896,693	\$ 36,587,923		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF MAJOR FUNDS

Governmental Funds. The County's major general government functions are contained in the General Fund. The focus of the County's Governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At December 31, 2012, the County's General Fund reported combined fund balances of \$5,100,607, a decrease of \$174,949 from the prior year. This decrease is primarily due to increased collections in taxes and licenses and fees, intergovernmental reimbursements, and other revenues.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At December 31, 2012, the General Fund reported revenues of \$10,464,845 and expenditures of \$10,552,736. These amounts represented a \$689,724 increase in revenues, primarily due to \$237,786 additional dollars added through property taxes as well as an increase in intergovernmental revenue of \$481,148. The County saw an increase of \$580,864 in expenditures. The increase in expenditures was primarily made up of increases of \$155,047 to general government expenditures, and increases of \$279,434, to public safety expenditures, offset by a reduction of \$78,100 to judicial. The deficiency of revenues over expenditures was \$87,891, before other financing sources (uses) of \$(87,058).

Proprietary Funds. As mentioned earlier, the County has no Proprietary Funds.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Differences between the original budget and the final budget were primarily on the expenditure side. In the final budget, expenditures increased in the General Fund by \$477,790. General government increased by \$21,363. Budgeted expenditures increased in judicial by \$21,743, legal by \$82,170, public facilities by \$14,950, public safety by \$312,681, and health and welfare by \$24,883.

During the year, actual revenues were more than budgeted estimates by \$898,912. Actual expenditures were less than budgeted estimates by \$132,228, and other financing sources/uses resulted in a negative budget variance of \$85,750. The net effect resulted in a positive variance of \$945,390.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The County's investment in Capital Assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2012, amounted to \$26,313,816 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and other tangible and intangible assets. This amount increased by \$1,858,604 the bulk of which relates to \$1,553,948 worth of restatement of infrastructure.

Long-term Debt. At December 31, 2012, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$1,436,300. This amount represents a decrease of \$779,853 during the fiscal year. For more information on long-term debt, see the note disclosure on pages 30 - 31.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Commissioners' Court adopted the County's 2012 budget on September 23, 2011.

For 2012, the property tax rate increased to .6800 per \$100 valuation. The collection rate for the 2013 budget was based on a 96% collection rate compared to a 96% collection rate in the prior year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the County Auditor's Office, 150 N. Austin Street, Jasper, Texas 75951.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Primary Government
	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 14,524,673
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	
Accounts	827,790
Taxes	2,502,423
Due from other governments	1,148,059
Capital assets:	660.021
Land	660,831
Construction in progress	2,169,309
Buildings Equipment and furniture	9,596,369 5 228 138
Equipment and furniture Infrastructure	5,228,138 23,985,330
	(15,326,161)
Less: accumulated depreciation	
Total capital assets	26,313,816
Total assets	45,316,761
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	785,125
Accrued liabilities	587,282
Accrued interest payable	16,151
Unearned revenue	4,595,210
Noncurrent liabilities:	207.024
Due within one year	207,024
Due in more than one year	1,229,276
Total liabilities	7,420,068
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	25,408,816
Restricted for:	
Records management and preservation	553,164
Court technology and security	154,503
Tax assessment and collection services	69,347
Economic development	417
Jury services Court system	64,027 31,196
Law library	195,459
Forfeitures	126,169
District attorney services	5,240
Check collection and processing	12,586
Foster care	500,960
Law enforcement	37,668
Historical commission	3,627
Indigent welfare	129,677
Debt service	98,885
Roads	3,561,426
Unrestricted	6,943,526
Total net position	\$ 37,896,693

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

					Prog	ram Revenue	s		R	Net (Expense) Revenue and ges in Net Assets
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	
Primary Government:										
Governmental activities:	ф	2 267 779	Ф	701.060	ď.	276 047	d.	06.740	Φ.	2 102 120)
General government Judicial	\$	3,267,778 1,392,131	\$	701,862 237,746	\$	276,047	\$	96,740	\$(2,193,129) 1,154,385)
Legal		520,501		16,281		135,313		-	(368,907)
Public facilities		2,028,851		-		-		1,184,636		844,215)
Public safety		3,763,752		822,300		667,460		-	(2,273,992)
Health and welfare		494,639		-		134,484		-	ì	360,155)
Conservation		78,646		-		-		-	Ì	78,646)
Roads		4,762,995		850,670		-		25,797	(3,886,528)
Cultural and recreation		4,442		-		-		-	(4,442)
Interest on long-term debt		74,105	_	-			_	-	(74,105)
Total governmental activities		16,387,840	_	2,628,859		1,213,304	_	1,307,173	(11,238,504)
		neral revenues: Γaxes:								
		Property taxe	es, lev	vied for genera	al purp	ooses				11,724,158
		Property taxe	es, lev	vied for debt s	ervice					257,968
		Other taxes								110,811
		nvestment ear	nings							57,535
	1	Miscellaneous								319,112
		Total ge	eneral	l revenues						12,469,584
		Char	nge in	net position						1,231,080
	Net	position, begin	nning						_	36,587,923
	Prio	or period adjust	tment	es						77,690
	Net	position, begin	nning	as restated					_	36,665,613
	Net	position, endi	ng						\$	37,896,693

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2012

	General	Road and Bridge	Hurricane Ike PA Pilot Program Disaster Recovery		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,778,116	\$ 2,964,985	\$	849,734	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)					
Accounts	139,441	677,805		-	
Taxes	1,562,860	770,552		-	
Due from other funds	16,738	1,013,519		-	
Due from other governments	679,076	28,788		-	
Total assets	\$ <u>11,176,231</u>	\$ 5,455,649	\$	849,734	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 217,541	\$ 86,183	\$	22,460	
Other liabilities	466,971	100,568		-	
Due to other funds	1,201,350	16,148		_	
Deferred revenue	4,189,762	2,461,876		827,274	
Total liabilities	6,075,624	2,664,775		849,734	
Fund balances:					
Restricted for:					
Records management and preservation	-	-		-	
Court technology and security	-	-		-	
Tax assessment and collection services	-	-		-	
Economic development	-	-		-	
Jury services	-	-		-	
Court system	-	-		-	
Law library	-	-		-	
Forfeitures	-	-		-	
District attorney services	-	-		-	
Check collection and processing	-	-		-	
Foster care	-	-		-	
Law enforcement	-	-		-	
Historical commission	-	-		-	
Indigent welfare	-	-		-	
Debt service	-	-		-	
Roads	-	2,790,874		-	
Unassigned	5,100,607				
Total fund balances	5,100,607	2,790,874		-	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u>11,176,231</u>	\$ 5,455,649	\$	849,734	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Net position of governmental activities

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

	Other			Total
Go	overnmental		G	lovernmental
		•		
\$	1,931,838		\$	14,524,673
	10,544			827,790
	169,011			2,502,423
	187,831			1,218,088
	440,195			1,148,059
\$	2,739,419		\$	20,221,033
Ф	450.041		¢.	705 105
\$	458,941		\$	785,125
	19,743			587,282
	590			1,218,088
	446,230			7,925,142
	925,504		_	10,515,637
	553,164			553,164
	154,503			154,503
	69,347			69,347
	417			417
	64,027			64,027
	31,196			31,196
	195,459			195,459
	126,169			126,169
	5,240			5,240
	12,586			12,586
	500,960			500,960
	37,668			37,668
	3,627			3,627
	51,355			51,355
	8,197			8,197
	_			2,790,874
	-			5,100,607
	1,813,915			9,705,396
\$	2,739,419			
Ψ	2,737,417			
				26,313,816
				3,329,932
			(1,452,451)
			\$	37,896,693

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

		General	a	Road and Bridge	Hurricane Ike PA Pilot Program Disaster Recovery		
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	7,854,762	\$	3,456,021	\$	_	
License and fees	Ψ	783,017	Ψ	966	Ψ	_	
Fines and forfeitures		549,057		176,120		_	
Intergovernmental		1,058,507		152,189		333,453	
Auto registration		-		744,239		-	
Interest		30,467		16,888		-	
Other		189,035		95,553			
Total revenues		10,464,845		4,641,976		333,453	
EXPENDITURES							
General government		3,266,930		399,485		-	
Judicial		1,662,695		-		-	
Legal		538,198		-		-	
Public facilities		678,153		-		333,453	
Public safety		4,284,081		-		-	
Health and welfare		27,500		-		-	
Conservation		95,179		-		-	
Roads		-		4,713,911		-	
Cultural and recreation Debt service		-		-		-	
Principal Principal							
Interest		_		_		-	
	_	10,552,736		5,113,396		333,453	
Total expenditures		10,332,730		3,113,390		333,433	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	(_	87,891)	(471,420)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in Transfers out	(87,058)		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(87,058)		<u> </u>			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(174,949)	(471,420)			
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		5,275,556	`	3,262,294	(77,690)	
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	_	-		-		77,690	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING							
AS RESTATED	_	5,275,556		3,262,294			
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	5,100,607	\$	2,790,874	\$	-	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(Other		Total
Gove	ernmental	Go	overnmental
\$	657,509	\$	11,968,292
*	121,487	_	905,470
	11,970		737,147
	1,374,801		2,918,950
	-		744,239
	10,632		57,987
	38,550		323,138
	2,214,949		17,655,223
· ·			_
	206,950		3,873,365
	22,090		1,684,785
	89,510		627,708
	1,137,513		2,149,119
	25,046		4,309,127
	571,121		598,621
	-		95,179
	-		4,713,911
	5,377		5,377
	895,000		895,000
	90,560		90,560
	3,043,167		19,042,752
(828,218)	(1,387,529)
	87,058		87,058
	<u>-</u>	(87,058)
	87,058		-
(741,160)	(1,387,529)
	2,555,075		11,015,235
			77,690
	2,555,075	_	11,092,925
\$	1,813,915	\$	9,705,396



RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (page 9) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (pages 12 - 13)	\$(1,387,529)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the		
current period.		1,858,604
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(36,303)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term		
debt and related items.		831,936
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	<u>(</u>	35,628)
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 9)	\$	1,231,080

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts		1	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 7,760,630	\$ 7,760,630	\$ 7,854,762	\$ 94,132
License and fees	715,000	715,000	783,017	68,017
Fines and forfeitures	652,000	652,000	549,057	(102,943)
Intergovernmental	225,306	387,086	1,058,507	671,421
Interest	-	-	30,467	30,467
Other	6,000	51,217	189,035	137,818
Total revenues	9,358,936	9,565,933	10,464,845	898,912
EXPENDITURES				
General government	6,670,836	6,692,199	3,266,930	3,425,269
Judicial	472,226	493,969	1,662,695	(1,168,726)
Legal	219,455	301,625	538,198	(236,573)
Public facilities	417,696	432,646	678,153	(245,507)
Public safety	2,347,465	2,660,146	4,284,081	(1,623,935)
Health and welfare	-	24,883	27,500	(2,617)
Conservation	79,496	79,496	95,179	(15,683)
Total expenditures	10,207,174	10,684,964	10,552,736	132,228
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(848,238)	(1,119,031)	(87,891)	1,031,140
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	-	(1,308)	(87,058)	(85,750)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,308)	(87,058)	(85,750)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(848,238)	(1,120,339)	(174,949)	945,390
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS PREVIOUSLY STATED	5,275,556	5,275,556	5,275,556	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$4,427,318	\$ 4,155,217	\$5,100,607	\$945,390

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 3,447,051	\$ 3,447,051	\$ 3,456,021	\$ 8,970
License and fees	-	-	966	966
Fines and forfeitures	137,000	137,000	176,120	39,120
Intergovernmental	85,600	85,600	152,189	66,589
Auto registration	411,000	411,000	744,239	333,239
Interest	48,440	48,440	16,888	(31,552)
Other	107,742	107,742	95,553	(12,189)
Total revenues	4,236,833	4,236,833	4,641,976	405,143
EXPENDITURES				
General government	410,233	410,233	399,485	10,748
Roads	4,174,600	6,736,127	4,713,911	2,022,216
Total expenditures	4,584,833	7,146,360	5,113,396	2,032,964
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(348,000)	(2,909,527)	(471,420)	2,438,107
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	348,000	348,000		(348,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	348,000	348,000		(348,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	(2,561,527)	(471,420)	2,090,107
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	3,262,294	3,262,294	3,262,294	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$3,262,294	\$	\$2,790,874	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Private Purpose Trust	
	County Schools	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash	\$1,434,259	\$ 6,023,373
Total assets	\$ 1,434,259	\$ 6,023,373
LIABILITIES		
Due to other agencies and individuals	\$ <u>415</u>	\$ 6,023,373
Total liabilities	\$ <u>415</u>	\$ 6,023,373
NET POSITION		
Held in trust for schools	\$ <u>1,433,844</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

		Private Purpose Trust
		County Schools
ADDITIONS Contributions Investment earnings Total additions	\$	31,357 25,030 56,387
DEDUCTIONS	(_	4,720)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		51,667
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING	_	1,382,177
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	1,433,844

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Jasper County, Texas (the "County") operates using a commission form of government under the laws and statutes of the Constitution of the State of Texas. The County provides various services to advance the welfare, health, comfort, safety and convenience of the County and its inhabitants.

The accounting and reporting policies of the County relating to the funds included in the accompanying financial statements conform to the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present Jasper County, Texas (the primary government) and its component units. There are no component units which meet the criteria for inclusion in the County's reporting entity.

<u>Related Organizations</u> – The Commissioners and the County Judge are responsible for appointing a voting majority of the members of several organizations, but the County's accountability for those organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The County has no business-type activities, or component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenue* includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenue*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, sales taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Road and Bridge Fund* is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, mostly taxes and fees that are legally restricted to expenditures for street and highway improvements.

The *Hurricane Ike P.A. Pilot Program Disaster Recovery Fund* is used to account for all proceeds and expenditures associated with the Hurricane Ike P.A. Pilot Program Disaster Recovery Grant Program.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary Fund Types:

The *Private-purpose Trust Fund* is used to account for investments, interest, rents and royalties for the benefit of various school districts in the County. The revenues are distributed to the various school districts.

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and Enterprise Funds, subject to this same limitation. The County has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Postion or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and certificates of deposit.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the government are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable based on 2003 historical collection rates receivable allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 4% of current year tax levy at December 31, 2012.

Property taxes are levied on October 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Statements are mailed on October 1, or as soon thereafter as possible, and are due upon receipt. All unpaid taxes become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the following year.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
_	
Buildings	15 - 39
Equipment	5 - 7
Infrastructure	15

Compensated Absences

County employees earn 12 days of vacation with pay per year during the first 10 years of employment and 17 days of vacation with pay per year for after more than 10 years continuous employment. Employees may carry over one year's earned vacation and an additional three days. Vacation in excess of carryover shall be forfeited. Unused sick leave is paid upon retirement, but not termination.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Commissioners' Court, the County's highest level of decision making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commissioners' Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's
 intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This
 classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used
 for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be
 expressed by the County Auditor.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Net Position

Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on it's use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances* – *total governmental fund* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$1,858,604 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$	3,214,003
Depreciation expense	(1,355,399)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances -		
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net		
position of governmental activities	\$	1,858,604

Another element of that reconciliation states, "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The details of this \$831,936 difference are as follows:

Principal repayments:		
General obligation debt	\$	895,000
OPEB liability	(63,064)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances -		
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net	\$	831.936

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$(35,628) difference are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$(52,083)
Interest payable		16,455
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances -		
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net		
position of governmental activities	\$(35,628)

3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to December 31, the County Judge and Commissioners prepare operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A budget hearing, advertised in local papers, is conducted at the County Courthouse, usually in October or November, to obtain taxpayer comments, and officially adopt the budget.
- 3. Amendments are made at the beginning of the budget year (January) to record the carry forward of previous year's ending balances.
- 4. The budget is approved based on a line item basis. Any revisions altering the budget requires an amendment and must be approved by the Commissioners' Court.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for Debt Service Funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions.
- 6. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a cash basis.
- 7. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended, by the Commissioners' Court on December 31, 2012. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended.

4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain U. S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2012, \$21,227,157 of the County's \$21,477,157 deposit balance was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution. The remaining deposit balance was covered by FDIC coverage.

Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

				Road	N	onmajor		
		General	a	nd Bridge	Ot	and her Funds		Total
Receivables:								
Taxes	\$	1,627,979	\$	802,658	\$	176,052	\$	2,606,689
Accounts		261,784		1,263,392		19,655		1,544,831
Grants	_	679,076		28,788		440,195		1,148,059
Gross receivables		2,568,839		2,094,838		635,902		5,299,579
Less: allowance for								
uncollectibles	(187,462)	(617,693)	(16,152)	(821,307)
Net Total								
Receivables	\$_	2,381,377	\$	1,477,145	\$	619,750	\$	4,478,272

Governmental funds report *deferred revenue* in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *deferred revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable	Unearned	
General fund:			
Delinquent property taxes receivable	\$ 1,562,860	\$ 2,296,322	
Court fines receivable	136,744	-	
Grant receivable	-	193,835	
Road and bridge:			
Delinquent property taxes receivable	770,552	1,013,689	
Court fines receivable	677,635	-	
Hurricane Ike PA Pilot Program Disaster Recovery:			
Grant receivable	-	827,274	
Nonmajor funds:			
Delinquent property taxes receivable	169,010	187,831	
Grant receivable		89,390	
Governmental funds	\$ 3,316,801	\$4,608,341	

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2012, was as follows:

Primary Government

•	Beginni Balanc	_	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					_		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 660	,831	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	660,831
CIP	895	,477	1,385,974	<u> </u>	(112,142)	2,169,309
Total assets not being depreciated	1,556	,308	1,385,974	<u> </u>	(112,142)	2,830,140
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings	9,596	,369	-	-	-		9,596,369
Equipment	4,895	,236	311,822	91,062	112,142		5,228,138
Infrastructure	22,431	,382	1,553,948	<u> </u>		_	23,985,330
Total capital assets being depreciated	36,922	,987	1,865,770	91,062	112,142	_	38,809,837
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings	2,502	,753	244,626	· -	-		2,747,379
Equipment	3,447	,606	498,164	53,321	-		3,892,449
Infrastructure	8,073	,724	612,609			_	8,686,333
Total accumulated depreciation	14,024	,083	1,355,399	53,321		-	15,326,161
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	22,898	,904	510,371	37,741	112,142	_	23,483,676
Governmental activities capital							
assets, net	\$ 24,455	,212	\$ 1,896,345	\$ 37,741	\$	\$	26,313,816

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 29,489
Public safety	203,137
Road and bridge	867,907
Legal	1,828
Public facility	253,038
	\$ 1,355,399

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2012, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	590
General	Road and bridge		16,148
Nonmajor governmental funds	General		187,831
Road and bridge	General	_	1,013,519
Total		\$ <u>_</u>	1,218,088

All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers:

	Transfers In
	Nonmajor Governmental
Transfer Out: General	\$ 87,058
Total	\$ 87,058

Transfers are used to (1) use unrestricted revenues in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (2) transfer funds out of a nonmajor fund to help finance the General Fund.

Long-term Debt

Certificates of Obligation and Refunding Bonds

The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. The original amount of general obligation bonds issued in prior years was \$3,500,000.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds generally are issued as 20-year serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	 Amount
Governmental activities	4.25% - 5.00%	\$ 905,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities				
December 31,	Principal		Interest		
2013	\$	150,000	\$	43,070	
2014		150,000		36,170	
2015		175,000		29,120	
2016		175,000		20,807	
2017		175,000		12,408	
2018-2022	_	80,000		3,920	
Total	\$	905,000	\$	145,495	

The bond obligation contains certain financial limitations and restrictions. The ordinances authorizing the issuance of general obligation bonds created an interest and sinking fund (general debt service fund). The ordinances require the County to ascertain a rate and amount of tax which will be sufficient to pay interest as it comes due and provide a reserve fund which is adequate to meet principal as it matures. The County is in compliance with all such significant financial restrictions.

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity (shown in thousands of dollars) for the year ended December 31, 2012, was as follows:

	Beginnin Balance	C	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Government activities					
Certificates of obligation	\$ 1,800,0	000 \$ -	\$ 895,000	\$ 905,000	\$ 150,000
Compensated absences	233,0	52,083	-	285,120	57,024
OPEB liability	183,1	16 63,064	<u> </u>	246,180	
Governmental activity					
long-term liabilities	\$ 2,216,1	<u>53</u> \$ <u>115,14</u>	\$ <u>895,000</u>	\$ <u>1,436,300</u>	\$ 207,024

Also, for the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Retirement Benefits

Funding Policy

The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (Variable-Rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The employer contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 15.81% for the months of the accounting year in 2012. The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2012 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee deposit rate and the employer deposit rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

Annual Pension Cost

For the employer's accounting year ended December 31, 2012, the annual pension cost for the TCDRS plan for its employees was \$954,892 and the actual contributions were \$954,892. The annual required contributions were actuarially determined as a percent of the covered payroll of the participating employees, and were in compliance with the GASB Statement No. 27 parameters based on the actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the basis for determining the contribution rates for calendar years 2012 and 2011. The December 31, 2011, actuarial valuation is the most recent valuation.

Actuarial Valuation Information

Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/09	12/31/10	12/31/11
Actuarial cost method Amortization method	entry age level percentage of payroll, closed	entry age level percentage of payroll, closed	entry age level percentage of payroll, closed
Amortization period in years Asset valuation method	20 SAF: 10-yr. smoothed value ESF: fund value	20 SAF: 10-yr. smoothed value ESF: fund value	20 SAF: 10-yr. smoothed value ESF: fund value
Assumptions:			
Investment return ¹	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Projected salary increases ¹	5.4%	5.4%	5.4%
Inflation	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Trend Information for the Retirement Plan for the Employees of Jasper County

Accounting	Annual	Percentage	Net
Year	Pension	of APC	Pension
Ending	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
12/31/10	1,218,000	100%	-
12/31/11	1,238,225	100%	-
12/31/12	1,377,678	100%	-

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retirement Plan For the Employees of Jasper County

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded		Annual	Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll (1)	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
-				_		
12/31/09	12,034,368	17,213,163	5,178,795	69.91%	5,616,474	92.21%
12/31/10	12,862,658	18,485,523	5,622,865	69.58%	5,658,402	99.37%
12/31/10	13,832,697	20,037,002	6,204,305	69.04%	5,905,793	105.05%

- (1) The annual covered payroll is based on the employee contributions received by TCDRS for the year ending with the valuation date.
- (2) Revised economic and demographic assumptions due to an experience review were reflected in this valuation.

Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County provides for the management of risks through a combination of self-insurance and traditional insurance. Property and casualty coverage has continued to be obtainable at reasonable premium rates on buildings and improvements. The amount of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. Comprehensive general liability and public officials' liability coverage have not been obtainable at reasonable rates, and these risks are self-insured by the County.

Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The County is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in governmental operations. In the opinion of management, these legal proceedings are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the affected funds of the County. No accrual has been made for any contingency in these financial statements.

Federal Grants

In the normal course of operations, the County receives grant funds from various federal agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

Postemployment Health Care Plan

Plan Description and Funding Policy

Permanent fulltime employees of the County who retire are eligible to participate in the Jasper County Retiree Health Care Plan (JCRHCP). Employees are eligible to retire when they are 60 years of age and have 8 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service, or if their current age plus their years of service equals 75. Retirees may elect to continue medical coverage by paying premiums for the coverage elected until the retiree is eligible for Medicare Part A and Part B coverage, either by age or disability. Employees who qualify under the eligibility requirements for retirement, who are 60 years or older and who have worked the last 12 consecutive years with Jasper County qualify for medical insurance coverage paid by Jasper County until the retiree is eligible for Medicare Part A and Part B coverage, either by age or disability. Employees terminating before normal retirement conditions are not eligible for retiree health benefits. Survivors of employees who die while actively employed are not eligible for retiree health benefits. Surviving dependents of retired members may continue retiree health coverage for up to 36 months through COBRA. Retiree can also elect to continue coverage for eligible spouse, but must pay for the coverage cost of the spouse. Surviving spouse of retired members may continue retiree health care coverage for up to 36 months through COBRA. The County provides a \$5,000 term life insurance policy to retired employees. Life insurance coverage for dependents is not offered. This is offered through TCDRS. Retirees who decide to opt out of health care benefits are not eligible to opt back in at another time. There is no additional stipend provided for those who opt out of retiree health care benefits.

Jasper County is required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The current ARC rate is 4.5 percent of annual covered payroll.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Benefits

Annual OPEB Cost

The County's annual other postemployment benefits (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameter of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of accrual that is projected to recognize the normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The County had its first OPEB actuarial valuation performed for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2008, as required by GASB. The annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, is as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$	149,355
Interest on net OPEB obligation		8,240
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(7,634)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		149,961
Contributions made	(86,897)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		63,064
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		183,116
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$	246,180

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year ending December 31, 2012, and the two preceding fiscal years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Employer Amount Contributed	Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
December 31, 2010	\$ 140,845	\$ 55,367	39.3%	\$ 104,575
December 31, 2011	145,351	66,810	46.0%	183,116
December 31, 2012	149,961	86,897	57.9%	246,180

Funding Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the County's retiree health care plan, under GASB Statement No. 45 as of December 31, 2012, is as follows:

		Actuarial		
		Accrued	Unfunded	
Actuarial	Actuarial Value	Liability	AAL	Funded
Valuation Date as	of Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio
of December 31	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)
2010	\$ -	\$ 1,035,316	\$ 1,035,316	0%

Under the reporting parameters, the County's retiree health care plan is 0% funded with an estimated actuarial accrued liability exceeding actuarial assets by \$1,035,316 at December 31, 2012.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method is used to calculate the GASB ARC for the County's retiree health care plan. Using the plan benefits, the present health premiums and a set of actuarial assumptions, the anticipated future payments are projected. The projected unit credit method then provides for a systematic recognition of the cost of these anticipated payments. The yearly ARC is computed to cover the cost of benefits being earned by covered members as well as to amortize a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

Projections of health benefits are based on the plan as understood by the County and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the County and its employees to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Inflation rate
Investment rate of return
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Amortization period
Salary growth
Health care cost trend rate

3.00% per annum
4.50%, net of expenses
Projected Unit Credit Cost Method
Level as a percentage of employee payroll
30-year open amortization
3.00% per annum
Initial rate of 9.0% declining to an ultimate
rate of 4.50% after 9 years

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status and the annual required contributions of the County's retiree health care plan are estimates are made about the future. The required Schedule of Funding Progress presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Prior Period Adjustment

During the year, the County recognized that \$77,690 of revenues should have been undeferred from deferred revenue in 2011 in the Hurricane Ike PA Pilot Program Disaster Recovery Special Revenue Fund. Accordingly, the beginning fund balance has been increased \$77,690 and the beginning net position has been increased \$77,690 in the government-wide financial statements.





SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

DECEMBER 31, 2012

Fiscal Year Ended	Employer Annual Required Contribution	Employer Amount Contributed	Interest on NOO (9) x 4.5%	ARC Adjustment (9)/(6)	Amortization Factor	OPEB Cost (2)+(4)-(5)	Change in NOO (7)-(3)	NOO Balance NOO+(8)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
December 31, 2010	140,782	55,367	859	4,360	23.98540	137,281	85,478	104,575
December 31, 2011	145,351	66,810	4,706	4,360	23.98540	145,351	78,541	183,116
December 31, 2012	149,355	86,897	8,240	7,634	23.98540	149,961	63,064	246,180

The ARC for fiscal year ending December 31, 2012, is 2.75% greater than the ARC for the prior fiscal year.

This increase is consistent with the assumption that the ARC remains level as a percentage of aggregate payroll.

The ARC for fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, is from the Retiree Health Care Plan Actuarial Valuation Report as of December 31, 2012.

Note: Employer contribution amounts shown in Column (3) include the implicit subsidy.



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account primarily for revenue from specific taxes and federal grant revenue which by law are designated to finance particular functions or activities of government and which, therefore, cannot be diverted to other uses.

CDA County Forfeiture

Sheriff's Forfeiture

Preservation Fees - County Clerk

Check Collection and Processing

Law Library

Historical Commission

District Court Jury

County Records Management

District Attorney Supplemental

Title IV-E

VIT Interest

CDA LEOSE Training

Justice Court Technology

County Clerk Archive Fees

District Clerk Preservation Fees

Courthouse Security for JP Offices

Jasper County Development District

Family Protection Fee

Appellate Judicial System

Alternative Dispute Resolution

Indigent Health

Supplemental Court Initiated Guardianship

Sheriff's Office LEOSE Training

Hurricane Ike Category E PW-2417

Rita Disaster Recovery #2 TX CDBG DRS 07/08

Tax Assessment and Collections Services

County and District Court Technology

County Child Abuse Protection

Court Records Preservation Fee

District Court Records Archive Fee

Hurricane Ike TXCDBG

TXCDBG On-Site Sewer Project Grant

VCLG Grant

Pre-Trial Intervention Program

Probate Additional Special Fee

County Juvenile Delinquency Prevention

County Clerk vital Statistics Records Fee

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

Debt Service Fund

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Special Revenue					
	CDA County Forfeiture	Sheriff's Forfeiture	Preservation Fees County Clerk	Check Collection and Processing		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 65,886	\$ 60,283	\$ 88,976	\$ 12,761		
Taxes receivable	-	-	-	-		
Accounts receivable	-	-	303	-		
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-		
Due from other governments						
Total assets	\$ 65,886	\$ 60,283	\$ 89,279	\$ 12,761		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Other liabilities	-	-	2,070	172		
Due to other funds	-	-	69	3		
Deferred revenue			303			
Total liabilities			2,442	175		
Fund balances:						
Restricted for:						
Records management and preservation	-	-	86,837	-		
Court technology and security	-	-	-	-		
Tax assessment and collection services	-	-	-	-		
Economic development	-	-	-	-		
Jury services	-	-	-	-		
Court system	-	-	-	-		
Law library	-	-	-	-		
Forfeitures	65,886	60,283	-	-		
District attorney services	-	-	-	-		
Check collection and processing	-	-	-	12,586		
Foster care	-	-	-	-		
Law enforcement	-	-	-	-		
Historical commission	-	-	-	-		
Indigent welfare	-	-	-	-		
Debt service						
Total fund balances	65,886	60,283	86,837	12,586		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 65,886	\$ 60,283	\$ 89,279	\$ 12,761		

Special Revenue

Law Library		Historical Commission		District Court Jury		County Records Management		District Attorney Supplemental		Title IV-E		VIT Interest	
\$	195,505	\$	3,627	\$	60,337	\$	158,509	\$	7,322	\$	494,539	\$	1
	-		-		-		7,670		-		- - -		-
_		_	<u>-</u>	_	3,690		- -		<u>-</u>	_	7,293		<u>-</u>
\$	195,505	\$	3,627	\$ <u></u>	64,027	\$	166,179	\$ <u></u>	7,322	\$ <u></u>	501,832	\$	1
\$	46 - - - - 46	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - - -	\$	243 - - - 7,670 7,913	\$ 	2,040 42 - 2,082	\$ 	872 - - 872	\$ 	- - - -
	- - - - 195,459 - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - 64,027 - - - - - - -		158,266 - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - 5,240 - - -		- - - - - - - 500,960		1
\$ <u></u>	195,459 195,505	\$	3,627	\$ <u> </u>	64,027 64,027	\$ <u> </u>	158,266 166,179	\$ <u></u>	5,240 7,322	\$ <u> </u>	500,960	\$ <u></u>	1

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2012

				Specia	ıl Reve	nue		
	CDA Leose Training		Justice Court Technology		County Clerk Archive Fees		District Clerk Preservation Fees	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,131	\$	115,969	\$	291,622	\$	1,968
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		-		796		-		731
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments			_		_			-
Total assets	\$	4,131	\$ <u></u>	116,765	\$ <u></u>	291,622	\$	2,699
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,382	\$	2,173	\$	-
Other liabilities		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Deferred revenue				796				731
Total liabilities			_	2,178	_	2,173		731
Fund balances:								
Restricted for:								
Records management and preservation		-		-		289,449		1,968
Court technology and security		-		114,587		-		-
Tax assessment and collection services		-		-		-		-
Economic development		-		-		-		-
Jury services		-		-		-		-
Court system		-		-		-		-
Law library		-		-		-		-
Forfeitures		-		-		-		-
District attorney services		-		-		-		-
Check collection and processing		-		-		-		-
Foster care		-		-		-		-
Law enforcement		4,131		-		-		-
Historical commission		-		-		-		-
Indigent welfare		-		-		-		-
Debt service	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	_	-		
Total fund balances		4,131	_	114,587	_	289,449		1,968
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,131	\$	116,765	\$	291,622	\$	2,699

Special Revenue Courthouse Jasper Security County Family Supplemental Appellate Alternative for JP Development Court Initiated Protection Judicial Dispute Indigent Offices District Fee System Resolution Health Guardianship \$ 38,122 \$ \$ 27,175 \$ 589 \$ 17,807 \$ 85,624 \$ 13,345 78,323 136 119,929 38,258 27,175 589 17,807 283,876 13,345 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 317 \$ 25,778 \$ 228 8,350 141 198,252 136 545 232,521 136 38,122 44 17,807 13,345 27,175 51,355 38,122 27,175 17,807 51,355 13,345 44 38,258 27,175 283,876 589 17,807 13,345

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Special Revenue							
	Offic	Sheriff's Office LEOSE Training		Hurricane Ike Category E PW-2417		Rita Disaster Recovery #2 TX CDBG DRS 07/08		Tax ssessment Collections Services
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	955	\$	24,482	\$	417	\$	129,114
Taxes receivable		-		_		-		-
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		_
Due from other funds		-		_		_		_
Due from other governments								
Total assets	\$ <u></u>	955	\$	24,482	\$	417	\$	129,114
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other liabilities		-		-		-		5,323
Due to other funds		-		-		-		83
Deferred revenue		-		24,482		-	-	54,361
Total liabilities				24,482				59,767
Fund balances:								
Restricted for:								
Records management and preservation		-		-		-		-
Court technology and security		-		-		-		-
Tax assessment and collection services		-		-		-		69,347
Economic development		-		-		417		-
Jury services		-		-		-		-
Court system		-		-		-		_
Law library		-		-		-		-
Forfeitures		-		-		-		_
District attorney services		-		-		-		-
Check collection and processing		-		-		-		_
Foster care		-		-		-		_
Law enforcement		955		-		-		_
Historical commission		-		-		-		-
Indigent welfare		_		_		_		_
Debt service		-		-		_		_
Total fund balances		955	_	-		417		69,347
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	955	\$	24,482	\$	417	\$	129,114
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	955	<u>»</u>	24,482	a	41/	<u>ъ</u>	129,11

County and District Court Technology		County Child Abuse Protection		Court Records Preservation Fee		R	District Court Records Chive Fee	Hurricane Ike TXCDBG		
\$	1,595	\$	666	\$	9,191	\$	6,590	\$	8	
	-		- 349		-		-		-	
	559 -		349		-		-		-	
					<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		429,212	
\$	2,154	\$ <u></u>	1,015	\$ <u></u>	9,191	\$ <u></u>	6,590	\$ <u></u>	429,220	
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	429,002	
Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	688	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	
	-		-		15		-		237	
	560		349						-	
	560		349		703				429,239	
					8,488		6.500			
	- 1,594		-		8,488		6,590		-	
	-		_		_		_		_	
	-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		_		_	
	_		_		_		_		_	
	-		-		-		-		_	
	-		666		-		-	(19)	
	-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-	
	- 1.504		-	-					- 10)	
	1,594		666		8,488		6,590	(19)	
\$	2,154	\$	1,015	\$	9,191	\$	6,590	\$	429,220	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2012

				Special F	Revenue			
	TXCDBG On-Site Sewer Project Grant		VCLG Grant		Pre-trial Intervention Program		Ade S ₁	robate ditional pecial Fee
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,755	\$	200
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments								
Total assets	\$ <u></u>		\$	-	\$	4,755	\$	200
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other liabilities		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		-		-	_			-
Total liabilities								
Fund balances:								
Restricted for:								
Records management and preservation		-		-		-		-
Court technology and security		-		-		-		200
Tax assessment and collection services		-		-		-		-
Economic development		-		-		-		-
Jury services		-		-		-		-
Court system		-		-		-		-
Law library		-		-		-		-
Forfeitures		-		-		-		-
District attorney services		-		-		-		-
Check collection and processing		-		-		-		-
Foster care		-		-		-		-
Law enforcement		-		-		4,755		-
Historical commission		-		-		-		-
Indigent welfare		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		-		-	_	4,755		200
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$		\$	-	\$	4,755	\$	200

	Special	Revenue	e	De	ebt Service		
De	County Juvenile elinquency revention	Cle S	County erk Vital tatistics cords Fee		ebt Service		Totals
	revention		cords rec		Dt Scivice		Totals
\$	5 - - - -	\$	1,565 - - - -	- - - -		\$	1,931,838 169,011 10,544 187,831 440,195
\$	5	\$	1,565	\$	166,787	\$	2,739,419
			2,000		220,	_	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	458,941
	-		-		-		19,743
	-		-		150 500		590
_	-		-		158,590		446,230
					158,590		925,504
	_		1,565		_		553,164
	_		-		_		154,503
	-		-		-		69,347
	-		-		-		417
	-		-		-		64,027
	-		-		-		31,196
	-		-		-		195,459
	-		-		-		126,169
	-		-		-		5,240
	-		-		-		12,586
	-		-		-		500,960
	5		-		-		37,668
	-		-		-		3,627 51,355
	-		-		8,197		
			1.505				8,197
	5		1,565		8,197		1,813,915
\$	5	\$	1,565	\$	166,787	\$	2,739,419

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Special Revenue										
	(CDA County orfeiture	Sheriff's Forfeiture			Preservation Fees County Clerk		Check ollection and occessing			
REVENUES Taxes	\$		\$		\$		\$				
Licenses and fees	Ф	_	φ	-	φ	28,206	φ	4,424			
Fines and forfeitures		_		-		20,200		-,424			
Intergovernmental		_		_		_		_			
Interest		266		240		364		40			
Other		-		-		-		-			
Total revenues	_	266	240			28,570	4,464				
EXPENDITURES											
General government		-		-		65,104		-			
Judicial		-		-		-		-			
Legal		7,541		-		-		3,526			
Public facilities		-		-		-		-			
Public safety		-		4,020		-		-			
Cultural and recreation		-		-		-		-			
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-			
Debt service											
Principal		-		-		-		-			
Interest	_	-	_	-	_	-		-			
Total expenditures		7,541		4,020		65,104		3,526			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(7,275)	(3,780)	(36,534)		938			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u></u>										
Transfers in											
			_		_		_				
Total other financing sources (uses)			-		_						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(7,275)	(3,780)	(36,534)		938			
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		73,161		64,063		123,371		11,648			
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	65,886	\$	60,283	\$	86,837	\$ <u></u>	12,586			

Special Revenue

_	Law Library	Historical Commission		District Court Jury		County Records Management		District Attorney Supplemental		Title IV-E		VIT Interest	
\$	- 20,051	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 10,033	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		- -		-		-		-
	-		-		10,522		-		27,500		25,583		-
	678		8		257		558		30		1,887		801
_			668		-		-		-		-		
_	20,729		676		10,779		10,591		27,530		27,470		801
	-		_		_		3,722		-		-		800
	-		-		21,740		-		-		-		-
	7,299		-		-		-		44,800		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		20,083		-
	-		2,816		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
_	-		-		-		-		-		-		
_	7,299	-	2,816		21,740		3,722		44,800		20,083		800
_	13,430	<u>(</u>	2,140)	(10,961)		6,869	(17,270)		7,387		1
_			750										_
	-		750		_		-		-		-		-
	13,430	(1,390)	(10,961)		6,869	(17,270)		7,387		1
_	182,029		5,017		74,988		151,397		22,510	_	493,573		
\$ <u></u>	195,459	\$ <u></u>	3,627	\$	64,027	\$	158,266	\$	5,240	\$	500,960	\$	1

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Special Revenue									
		A Leose raining		Justice Court chnology		County Clerk Archive Fees		District Clerk reservation Fees		
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Licenses and fees		-		-		34,147		180		
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		
Intergovernmental Interest		15		404		1.011		-		
						1,011		2 420		
Other				22,411	_	-		3,420		
Total revenues		15		22,815	_	35,158		3,604		
EXPENDITURES										
General government		-		15,838		19,954		-		
Judicial		-		-		-		-		
Legal		-		-		-		-		
Public facilities		-		-		-		-		
Public safety		-		-		-		-		
Cultural and recreation		-		-		-		2,561		
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-		
Debt service										
Principal		-		-		-		-		
Interest		-		-		-		-		
Total expenditures				15,838	_	19,954		2,561		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		15		6,977		15,204		1,043		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	_							-		
Total other financing sources (uses)					_	-				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		15		6,977		15,204		1,043		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		4,116		107,610	_	274,245		925		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	4,131	\$	114,587	\$	289,449	\$	1,968		

Special Revenue

ourthouse Security for JP Offices	Jasper County Development District		Family Protection Fee		Appellate Judicial System		Alternative Dispute Resolution		Indigent Health		Supplemental Court Initiated Guardianship	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	404,058	\$	-
5,454		-		2,715		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		_		9,507 -		- 57,854		2,463
127		-		123		3		43		986		-
-		-		-		-		-		5,206		-
 5,581		-		2,838		3		9,550	_	468,104		2,463
-		2,650		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-		350
-		-		-		-		-		-		-
354		-		-		_		_		-		-
-		-		-		_		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		571,121		-
-		-		-		-		-		-		-
 							_		_			-
 354		2,650								571,121		350
 5,227	(2,650)		2,838		3		9,550	(103,017)		2,113
_		_		_		_		_		75,000		_
		-	_	-					_	75,000	_	-
5,227	(2,650)		2,838		3		9,550	(28,017)		2,113
 32,895		2,650		24,337		41		8,257		79,372		11,232
\$ 38,122	\$		\$	27,175	\$	44	\$	17,807	\$	51,355	\$	13,345

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Special Revenue Rita Disaster Tax Sheriff's Hurricane Ike Recovery #2 Assessment Office LEOSE Category E TX CDBG and Collections PW-2417 DRS 07/08 Training Services **REVENUES** \$ \$ \$ Taxes \$ Licenses and fees Fines and forfeitures 89,504 Intergovernmental Interest 3 369 6,845 Other 3 Total revenues 96,718 **EXPENDITURES** General government 91,255 Judicial Legal Public facilities Public safety Cultural and recreation Health and welfare Debt service Principal Interest Total expenditures 91,255 **EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES** 3 5,463 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 10,000 Transfers in 10,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 3 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 15,463 53,884 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 952 417

955

FUND BALANCES, ENDING

417

69,347

Dist	unty and rict Court chnology	County Child Abuse Protection		Court Records Preservation Fee		District Court Records Archive Fee		Hurricane Ike TXCDBG	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	864		113		6,017		2,762		-
	-		-		-		-		933,242
	2		1		35		24		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	866		114		6,052		2,786		933,242
	_		_		5,807		1,820		_
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		933,261
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-				5,807		1,820		933,261
	866		114		245		966	(19)
	866		114		245		966	(19)
	728		552		8,243		5,624		
\$	1,594	\$	666	\$	8,488	\$	6,590	\$ <u>(</u>	19)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Special Revenue								
	Sew	XCDBG On-Site ver Project Grant		VCLG Grant	Pre-trial Intervention Program		Probate Additional Special Fee		
REVENUES Taxes	\$		¢		\$		\$		
Licenses and fees	Ф	-	\$	-	Ф	- 4,752	Ф	200	
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		4,732		200	
Intergovernmental		204,252		26,344		_		_	
Interest		-		-		3		_	
Other		_		_		-		_	
Total revenues		204,252		26,344		4,755		200	
EXPENDITURES									
General government		-		-		-		-	
Judicial		-		-		-		-	
Legal		-		26,344		-		-	
Public facilities		204,252		-		-		-	
Public safety		-		-		-		-	
Cultural and recreation		-		-		-		-	
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-	
Debt service									
Principal		-		-		-		-	
Interest			_			-			
Total expenditures		204,252	_	26,344		-		-	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES			_			4,755		200	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		-	_					-	
Total other financing sources (uses)			_						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		4,755		200	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING						-		-	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,755	\$	200	

Special	Revenue	Debt Service	
County Juvenile Delinquency Prevention	County Clerk Vital Statistics Records Fee	Debt Service Funds	Totals
\$ - - - - - - 5	\$ - 1,564 - - 1 - 1,565	\$ 253,451 - - - 2,349 - 255,800	\$ 657,509 121,487 11,970 1,374,801 10,632 38,550 2,214,949
- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - 589 -	206,950 22,090 89,510 1,137,513 25,046 5,377 571,121
	1,565	895,000 90,560 986,149 (730,349)	895,000 90,560 3,043,167 (828,218)
5	1,565	1,308 1,308 (729,041) 737,238	87,058 87,058 (741,160) 2,555,075
\$ <u> </u>		\$ <u>8,197</u>	\$ <u>1,813,915</u>



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Forfeiture Holding

Medical Insurance

State Fee Account

County Clerk

Tax Assessor Collector

District Clerk

District Court Royalty

1st Judicial District Juvenile Probation

1st Judicial District CSCD Probation

Sheriff

Justice of the Peace 1 Clearing Account

Justice of the Peace 2 Clearing Account

Justice of the Peace 3 Clearing Account

Justice of the Peace 4 Clearing Account

Justice of the Peace 5 Clearing Account

Justice of the Peace 6 Clearing Account

1st Judicial District CSCD Special

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

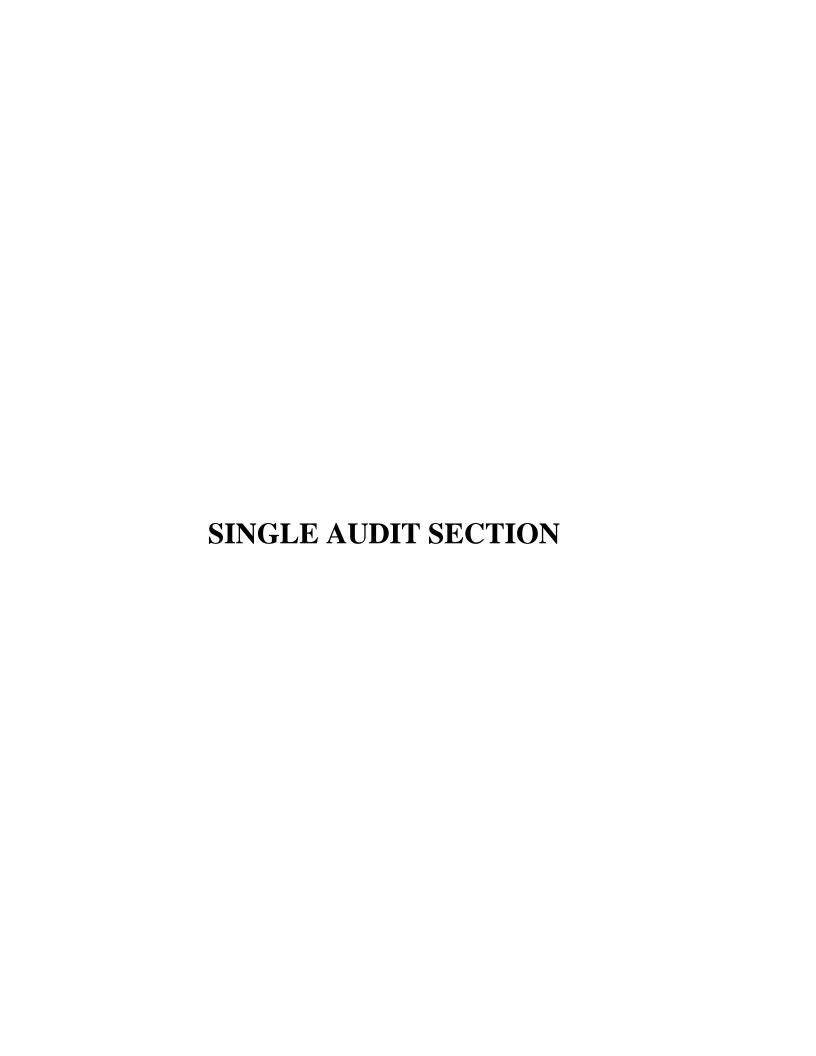
DECEMBER 31, 2012

			State		
	Forfeiture	Medical	Fee	County	Tax Assessor
	Holding	Insurance	Account	Clerk	Collector
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ <u>142,896</u>	\$ 258,901	\$ <u>147,016</u>	\$ 335,085	\$ 3,945,034
Total assets	\$ 142,896	\$ 258,901	\$ 147,016	\$ 335,085	\$ 3,945,034
Total assets	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	φ <u>υ,ν,υ,νυν</u>
LIABILITIES					
Due to other agencies					
and individuals	\$ 142,896	\$258,901	\$ <u>147,016</u>	\$ 335,085	\$ 3,945,034
Total liabilities	\$ 142,896	\$ 258,901	\$ 147,016	\$ 335,085	\$ 3,945,034

District Clerk	District Court Royalty	1st Judicial District Juvenile Probation	1st Judicial District CSCD Probation	Sheriff	Justice of the Peace 1 Clearing Account	Justice of the Peace 2 Clearing Account	
\$153,727_	\$165,843	\$\$293,018	\$447,781	\$ 39,129	\$14,731_	\$9,351	
\$ 153,727	\$ 165,843	\$ 293,018	\$ 447,781	\$ 39,129	<u>\$ 14,731</u>	\$ 9,351	
\$ <u>153,727</u>	\$165,843	\$293,018	\$ <u>447,781</u>	\$ 39,129	\$ <u>14,731</u>	\$9,351	
\$ 153,727	\$ 165,843	\$ 293,018	\$ 447,781	\$ 39,129	\$ 14,731	\$ 9,351	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Justice of the Peace 3 Clearing Account		the C	Peace 4 learing	the C	Peace 5 learing	the C	Peace 6 learing]	1st Judicial District CSCD Special		Totals
ASSETS Cash	\$	12,346	\$	9,865	\$	8,045	\$	5,272	\$	35,333	\$	6,023,373
Total assets	\$	12,346	\$ <u></u>	9,865	\$	8,045	\$	5,272	\$	35,333	\$ <u></u>	6,023,373
LIABILITIES Due to other agencies and individuals	\$	12,346	\$	9,865	\$	8,045	\$	5,272	\$	35,333	\$	6,023,373
Total liabilities	\$	12,346	\$	9,865	\$	8,045	\$	5,272	\$	35,333	\$	6,023,373







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court of Jasper County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jasper County, Texas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Jasper County, Texas' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Jasper County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Jasper County, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Jasper County, Texas' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Jasper County, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

September 30, 2013

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court of Jasper County, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Jasper County, Texas' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each Jasper County, Texas' major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2012. Jasper County, Texas' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Jasper County, Texas' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence Jasper County, Texas' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Jasper County, Texas' compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Jasper County, Texas complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Jasper County, Texas, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Jasper County, Texas' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Jasper County, Texas' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

September 30, 2013

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Passed through the Texas Department of Rural Affairs:			
On-Site Sewer Project	14.228	CD729359	\$ 204,252
TxCDBG Disaster Recovery Program	14.255	DRS010078	910,188
Total Passed through the Texas Department of Rural Affairs			1,114,440
Total U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			1,114,440
U. S. Department of Justice Direct Award			
	16 607	2000CDD01200	813
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.607	2009SBB91308	
Total Direct Award			813
Total U. S. Department of Justice			813
U. S. Election Assistance Commission			
Help America Vote Act (HAVA) - General Compliance	90.401	78596	44,749
Total U. S. Election Assistance Commission			44,749
Federal Emergency Management Agency			
Passed through the Texas Department of Public Safety			
Division of Emergency Management:			
FM 2926 Powerline Fire	14.255	FEMA-2926-DR TX	43,206
Hurricane Ike- Cat A	97.036		333,453
2011 Wildfires	97.036	DR-1999-TX	29,985
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	DR-1791-177	14,750
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	12TX-EMPG-0429	46,181
2009 Homeland Security Grant Program	97.073	2009-SS-T9-0064	23,285
2010 Homeland Security Grant Program	97.073	2010-SS-T0-0008	264,838
Total Passed through the Texas Department of Public Safety			
Division of Emergency Management			755,698
Total Federal Emergency Management Agency			755,698
Total Federal Awards			\$1,915,700

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

DECEMBER 31, 2012

1. GENERAL

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all applicable federal award programs of Jasper County, Texas. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is described in Note 1 of the financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements:

Type of auditors' report issued Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? None

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None

Noncompliance material to financial statements

noted? None

Federal Awards:

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs

Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section

510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster: #14.255 TxCDBG Disaster Recovery Program

#97.036 Hurricance Ike - Category A

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A

and type B programs \$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

None

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which
Are Required to be Reported in Accordance Witl
Generally Accepted Auditing Standard

None

(continued)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

<u>Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are Required to be</u> Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

Item 2011-1:

<u>Condition</u>: Construction in progress was materially misstated.

Cause: The fiscal year 2009 balance was added as an addition to the financial

statements during fiscal year 2010.

Effect: The County's net assets were overstated by \$909,776.

Recommendation: We recommend the County review the financial report thoroughly prior

to approval. All balances should be agreed to existing general ledger

balances and variances investigated.

Management's Response: The County acknowledges the net assets were overstated. New

procedures are being implemented to ensure accurate reporting in the

future.

Contact Person Responsible

<u>for Corrective Action</u>: County Auditor

Anticipated Completion

<u>Date</u>: Immediate

<u>Item 2011-2</u>:

Condition: A material entry was required to properly record accounts payable at

year end.

<u>Cause</u>: Two large invoices were not properly recorded in fiscal year 2011 prior

to the audit.

Effect: The County's accounts payable and expenditure accounts were materially

misstated.

Recommendation: We recommend the County review the financial report thoroughly prior

to approval. Safeguards should be put into place to ensure that all

transactions are recorded in the proper period.

Management's Response: The County acknowledges that a clerical error occurred while

processing accounts payable. This situation has been addressed and new procedures are in place to prevent this from becoming an issue in

the future.

Contact Person Responsible

for Corrective Action: County Auditor

Anticipated Completion

Date: Immediate